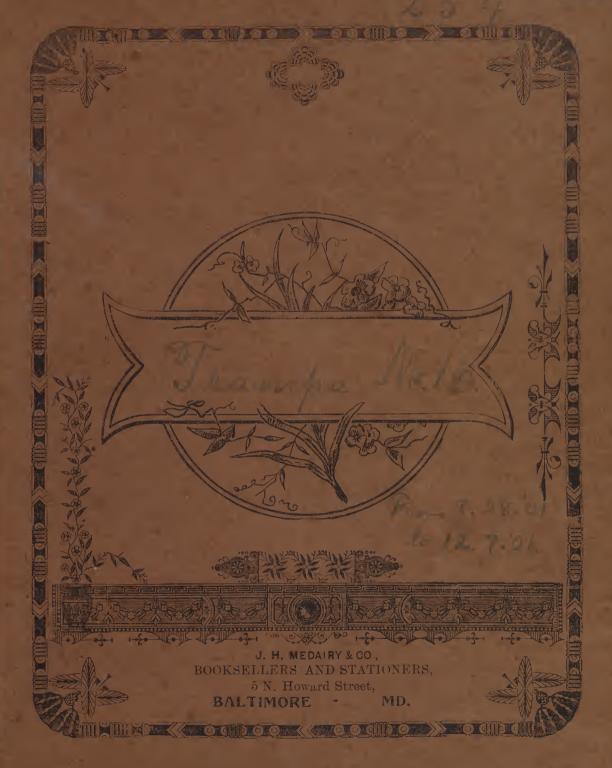
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aug. 28, 1901. A trip to Savage on the Washington branch of the B. x O. R.R. We took the 12.15 P.M. train and reached S. about 1 o'clock. The day was clear, and notwithstanding the wind from the east, was one of the best of the season. The reason for taking the trip was to visit an old river bottom of the Paturent. We inquired the way and with little difficilty found the place. On our way we passed anded by sharty, now rapidly going to prices, near it were graving several fine plante of Symphoricorpus vulgaria the Indian Curant, also a fine patch of a species of Vivla with long stems. On either sides of in were laye can fields, The corn was in fine condition, some stalks being fully 10 ft. high. The land is no doubt well suited for its growth; it, two, seems to be the main thing grown. It the sport where we reached the river bottom was as laye found. Nothing new, however, was seen growing here so we went along the quite thickly overyown swampy part of the old bottom. Here two, nothing new was observed. On our way we passed an immense Pulif-tree its truth being more then 6 ft. in diameter at the base. We rested under it a short time, sitting on the former's reaper. How careline most former are of their various implements. Here under the brancher of the tree

was the reaper and several plows, exhibited to the weather. and allowed to runt and rot. As there seemed to be nothing & worthy of our attention we returned to the old by hut and finally to a road, which we the believed led to Lamel. On our way to the but we passed through a very pretty little ravine, in which we came to a fine afring. We walked along the L. road quite a distance finally turning into a road which led across the railroad. Close to the railroad we passed and old delapidated home enrounded by a garden. In front were the flowers, and in the wear and at the side were the orgetable. We walked in to, payour respects to the immater of this humble home. The wife, the mother of reven children, was very stort and most slovery in appearance; the hurhand, weather worn, that presented a for more gentrel appearance. While Mr. W. spoke to the madam ? spoke to the moster of the place. We spoke about the pershe and their pember off-taste, about the cuember, and about the squasher. He had growing on his place a purphing which he alled Chrise purpline. He said the seeds came from Chine and had Chine letter on them - To prove this assertion he told his little con to bring a bay that still had contained a few of them. When he first

" Briffith & Parren - Seedmen - seem to think they were marked in a stamping me - chine. I hardly think this is there. spoke about the Chine letter, I thought that perhaps the Chine had really cut their designs on them, but when he said they were also on those of his own raising, I know that this come other came would have to explain the makings. The boy now came make (no two affautty alike, however), (F) and side of one of the reads were various the make were quite duffy cut, and of one of the reads) looked very much as if done with a knife, but most of them were not so deep and looked as if they might possibly be done by nature However, if all what he raid is true, it is all very remarkable. He seemed to think they were Chine letters, for he said "I don't know what they mean but I've seem them on package of tea". Hegave me a few of the reeds and I shall expureet with them. During our conversation a studie-agent from L. came, with several fine photographe and wheited their orders. We soon after left and walked down to the railward tracks. Not for off was the N. ciliani afot M. W. had visited anul weeker before. We went to this shot, but sow no remains of the plants. We now went book to the station by may of the tracks, stopping at the spring on the with wide of the tracks to drink some of its excellent water. Not for off

is the 20 mile ment - a stome priematic filler, bearing on one of Baltimore it sides the inscription in deeply cut letters 20 miles and on the adjoing four 20 miles. When we arrived at the station, we decided to walk to the walky village about 12 mile from the station. On the way, growing between the tracks I found several plants of Syperflile minche. It is a next little canyophyllecome plant We reached the village, but had very little time to look about. The mill, a very large structure in the dittle Vaturant, employe too operators. Cotten duck is manufactured. The street and the house reem to be hept clean. We were back to the station again by 7 o'clock , our train came on time 7.17 and at 80'dock we were again home. September 4, 1901. In afternoon trip with Mr. W. to the ravine. We met at the batanville termine at 2 P. M. We took the route part blem's field, now covered with high corn. We commended upon the unwise changing of botamical names after they had become fixed in the minde of many people. Mr. W. however, went to the extrame, that it was perfectly weller to learn any of them for one never bow long the any of them would receive fixed. If you with to have names, give them you own, he said. "If a

person does not know the plant by your name, and you are oblight to describe the plant, it is no more than what you would have to do shopld you use the botamical names. From the field we went diretly to the opining and have we plented the afrain of Voyoni pendle sent to Mr. W. by Mr. S. The plant although out of the ground for about 2 weeks, wenned atill thinfly It had, in fact, cent act acoust stong about. We now winted the marked spots of Podophy llum pettatum; not a trace of a plant is to be seen. We covered the brook and started out the hillide intending to go to the Observatory, When we reached the lop, though, we thought it too late so started September 9, 1901, left home about 2 o'clock in the afternoon and took a trip across to Westpat, then along the south show of Spring-gardens to the a. x B. S. X. and then home by way of the reiland & the old annapolic Rd. The portion of the old bridge across the cat-tail aware has now been removed and instead there is a road. along this new road have grown of many weeds some of them, intenting excaper; one - Spommer evenin, I was very glad to find. When I reached M. I spent a little time

examining the much close to the bridge. Here letter termifoline and a. subulatur, Solidazo cempervium, Pluchea camphorata and Buda marine, the latter a new find, were in full bloom. along the river above, nothing intenting wer found until beyond K's revort. There in a little depurin , at one time , no doubt, an wilst grew a fine lot of Phragmiti communic. This is a bestife Tall grace and its eithy plumer were in all their glong to-day. While collecting exercises of the grave fishermen began harrling in a great seine on the shore. When I came up to them, they were still handing it in , so I stopped to see what they had cought, aleviner by thousands! I never before have een so many! In the great evanning more were a few puch, revuel crabe, an eel and revenl very small flounders. The latter are very flat fish. They swim on their side and have therefore both eyes on one ride of their body. This side is don't and is uppermost when the which is in water, the other ride is very light. It was motor getting dark so I hastened orward, little of interest was aftermade noticed. September 14, 1901. In afternoon trip along the Patapur from Relay to Orange know and then through the ravine.

We met at Camden station and toolee the 1.20 P.M. train.

arrived at R. and after a brief talk with Mr. W. we started on our trif along the River Rid. Outer, Goldenwoods, Boneste, and Sunflowers are now in all their glory. Our furt stop was at the "Sentian Hille". Here we hoped to see the Franziel Gentian

well advanced towards blooming. We failed, however to find a single plant. While we were making this reach old Mr. S.

parced. We learned to-day that he is 72 yr. old, although he does not look to the course of our conversation which was mainly about the shooting of the president, Mr. S. made the following remarkse, Oh, if I could only get at that murderer, I'd show hom, and that women - I'd bite

her, - I'd chew her up! We now went up the rum a short dictance and after examining the Canya amara tree we again

came to the sport where the Catmorible Water Company are building a dam near avalue. The dam is about half finished - just as we can it last -; the work on the opposite

side, however, has progressed considerably, already the entrance to the turnel for carrying off the water is finish, as is also the

small turnel to carry off the overflow. Often watching the men at work for a little while we proceeded as one trip. When we came to the place where we had tramplanted the buttine last year and also year before last, we stopped to see if any plants were growing, and one enough, one plant - a fine one quite filled with budewas found. We ceach enefully for more, but none were found. The remainder of our trip was rather hurried as it was growing late. In the ravine, we stopped at our spring and also examined the Pogome pendula recently transplanted, it is still alive. September 21, 1901. To Glenburnie and Marley. We met at Camdu station and took the early train. The morning was heartiful, in just, ideal. The heavy dew, however, prevented as from walk. ing in the chrubbery. This, someway was no drawback, for we walked for some time along the railwood and when we at last entered the wood it fred "quite dry", Thong are route grew chinquepun in abundance, now ripe and ready to be gather. ed. I day or two later and it would be too late, but, tody before reaching the little reme we wished to enter, we had collected a probataful. A give -looking much with a long beek was fryuntly new on the mits, often with the beak

of courter of red bricher - a most ventiful grand, was consumented upon . They stand close to the water on to bank of attions seen the bridge . 604 insuled in the mit. Before long we reached the navne when we had plated the butions cimita need during the early writer but no trace of plants were noticed. There, two, we had found & lundrevini, but to-day it, too, was not seen. after catifying ownered that no trace of the plants were to be found one retraced our steps as for as the road to warby . were to this road, at the 4th telegraph pole I raw a number of plants, having very much the affectand of alltric fariona. I made note of the spot so as to revisit it the must year, It was after 10'clock when we reached Marly Periodse and found a cuitable aport to est our lunch. after dinner we went to Ke, borrowed a boat and round up the atream. My uphan advata were found attle in bloom, and a number of farethy specimens were gottin. This I believe is probably the latest I have recorded finding these putty flowers, after coming about a little while we returned the hoat and started slawly buch to the station which we reached about duck, In half an how our train arrived have returned to the city, September 25, 1901. A trif alone after 4 P. Mr along Sanguis

605 . M. 1. 334 " Do the ceme en grow lang to the 12×15 inches "2 Falls. I took the cone to the western and of Belts. Et. My feet intention mue to cross the falle and with along the west ride But the appearance of that side, on reaching the falls use so univiting that I soon changed my plan and dended to walk along the race. Nothing expressly of moto was noticed until I reached a point opposite the northwest of the gravy (an eye- con to that aide of the falls), here close to a shine I found my first Ontry a Virginia the 1 hop- 1 hom. bean recognized at once by its fruit. I tried had to got a your openius, for I wished to make comparisons with Carpines, but they were two for out of reach. A snort dutance faither on and I came to the Edmonden and bridge and have I get specof andomia lune. To get then was really the reason of my trip along this part of the falls. Severel your you I had about noticed the unumally laye eige of their lime as young flowthe, and it was to answer a queen regarding this eight that I determined to your look of some young plants and measure some of the leave. A few of the layest were extented and the following measurements were made \*1. windth 20 inh, entire buyth 33 in. foot-talk alone 20 in., legth of leaf including board when 18th is

No. 2. following same redor 212in, 32in, 162 in, 21.4 in. " 3 " " 29 ", 37 ", 18 ", 26 2" " 4 " 28", 39", 192" 262" " 5 " " 29 ", 40 ", 28 ", 24 2 ", No 1, instead of being only 12 +15 including back lover was 20 x182 · 2 - 212 x 21 + 1 No. 3 - 29 x 262 ; No. 4 - 28 x 262 ; No. 5 - 29 x 242 The lance in all there cares were broader than long, where the typical buf is longer than board. " ree other haves were and menered aler of young plant there although large were mut to be compared with the first five. We be many come order of measurement 15 to in, 25 in, 12 in, 17 in "7" " " 14 3 " 22" 92" 163 " "8" " 14" 23' " 113 in 14" " the dimension are Hen the leave are larger than broad, but still not in the re ration as those of the oppical line. The post staths very gutly in arise the lowest the less on the stook is branch the loge the stalk. The lengthming of the stalk bringing the blade in a writible position to receive light. This immed rage of luge in your plants is noticed also in other trees. Why this is so pulip can not be arrowed as easily. Of course there.

young plante baring fewer beaver have more space you sprending but whether the is the only cause or whether they windt from a number of cancer I can not vay, Ufter collecting the leaves I crosed the bridge. It was too lite to go faither as awanted a can and returned home, September 28,1901. Polllestone. We set it had the It was our intention to go to Rely and white our timed lesting but Mr. W. henry were the plant with a few days puriously, thought a tech charles might be more judicions as the lande on the Gentin were till for from developed. of the care finds and by theatening with , we therefore had our unbulles. We reach a. at 8.20 d. M. and at once crossed the bridge and went to the place where the pent flowing your. They proved to be a specie of Phlose, determed to the a Ve famical to. They we my hardware and delightfully fragrant. Many our loss were ilve bloom and hed alread, injured seek, some of which we willed, The entire village of alleston is owned by james 1. Juny. Its

name alberton is derived from albert, Mr. Says middle you a. Ofter collecting a pew specimens of the Phlase we presed through the village and took the wand to Holly field. along the side of this road we possed a number of large outcomps of rock. On one of these, I believe the most regard of them all I found a few examines of that vegrare from Osplemin Bradlyi. It is a buntiful little everyeen form with dark ahining stiper. When done to Bem Run we were warmed to keep back; we raw the even running and how that in a few moments we would have the xplosion of a blant, This room took . plies, throwing frequents of rock for and wide. It was dones by workmen in the B & B, who were rainowing the will to retregation the road. At Bloom Rum we had a conversation with a woman who had eight rows, all of whom had to rote the democratic ticket, she would die funt rute the see them note any other partialarly the republican. In talking about the jather of Jame a bang, who must have been un inveterate revearer, she made une of the word "billier" all during that flood " she and " he played his billies, hilliards

Hollofulds not to low full - Hollow as Mr. Com kind remember is of the common name of Gler opeans refor to the transp to the Sygod in palmeter she meant. We now continued our tramp. We had not gove for when we found a nice plant of Ostrya Viginia Strenge, how after we are know a plant we find it so frequetly. Here Ortya although rought for forger was not found until on my last trip and here, to-day, on their next transp, it is found again. To-day I succeeded in getting a mie apunie. At Holloffilds we sow the old house now occupied by a Mr. Figur, where Washington is said to have sleft while on his way over the old trudy encle Rd. We commented upon the term slept, we reldon hear that "Here W. stopped but always alept; smely the bather of his country must have been an anetest sleeper. At It the wed crossed the river but me decided to remain on our ride of the river and follow the fithe to Union tam; and very glad we were that we did so. We had not gone for when we came across our 3rd find for the day aplenium angustifolium another rare ferm. Unfortunately the fronte were all strike, nevertheless I took severe speniers for my helarium. along this path were immercable Vapen plate, so many in fact that we named the fath Paparlame.

place - who that wan called it Hollow - Hollow -It me spot we found several of the trees with fruit. We muched the place, intending to weit them again when wife. The Johige of this plant is still perfect, it does not seem to be eaten by any meets. It is no doubt protect. ed by its most disagreeable order, almost similer to the urine of cate. Although there were so many here, only this one small grove was found with fruit. Close to the dam, nearly officite to where the turnel is being built we came to a petty run. Here we ate our dinner While eating it began to rain. For some time it were very fine and did not amount to much. But after dimmer it began to rain faster and our umbelles came in handy. Ufter denine we again started on our tramp and before lay reached the daw and the race. We at funt thought we would walk along the race but soon deorded to cross the river and go along the railroad. This wer easily done below the dam. In the greater part of the afternoon it ramed only lightly. At Elhentt City we had our first heavy down pour. It was so heavy that althought we at first thought of welling to ble ester that we returned

and after walking along the electric road tracks a short distance took the car for home, which we reached about October 4, 1901. A trip to Clifton Park with W. W. I took this tif to get afreemen of the leaves of the various species of Maynolia, We reached the park about helf past four o'clock and proceeded at once to the greenhouse where we hoped to find the suprimtendent. On our way we stopped to examine the Lugar Maple, the Norway Maple and the English Maple. The Sugar Maples may be distriguished from the Norway; the latter still retains its heye, where those of the former have dropped from the tree for some months. We soon reached, and found Mr. litter the superitudet. The readily granted permission to get the leave and directed Mr Palhot to show we the trees. The path has II different lande of Magnetie :- M. grandiflore, M. grandiflore we mouthing, M. glana, M. acuminata, M. money bylle. Mr. foreste, M. ferryine, Mr. tripetule, M. purpose x M. cilangeane (grandone). The leaves of grandiflow on the putting of all, of of beautiful deck gues & shiring above and clothed with a mut-colored tomention beneath. M. manyly has the layest leave, those wellested were were 2 ft long and

8 to 10 in, wide. The tree or allo humbelle are called Umbull true or account of the appearer of the lever being clin tend at the ends of the branches and africading in all christian blu muchelle. Mr. P. was very kind and we apent some time with fine at 60' clock we finish, repeated from how and October 5. 1201. To Surtherille. West Mr. W. at Union atetion, Here we took the 7.34 a. M. trainfor L., which we reached

about 8 a. Mr. Here we noticed that the ground were covered with how frost. The sum was shining bentifully but the air was cold and having. We started at mee for the fields to the ment of the reclined. Our trip to-day more to find be civita were in planer. We searched carefully, but but one plant was found. actu nome affice and Cincin musti mustime was abundant. When we weeked the 11 mile port we left the field, covered the willrand tracks and entered the field on the east. Here flower, thinking it was rafely hidden from all fuging eyes. We more malked down towards the of my and were pleased to fact the plat centland throughout the field quite platifully

One hadrone plant just beginning to bloom had 64 bade We took a few more flowers than started towards Timoin Bufor when I we found a wice efect to cat our dismer. Ufter durin we continued our transf and resched P. Of to the left we can Chestant Widge and started in that develop Before we reached the ridge we can that it was getting the so their heided to return. On our way back we found Hitrisia. I come in a field close to the station. We now started for h. On the way we passed a gang of workmen ballat ing the road. We learned from them that the infection can would pass over the road in a few days to see of the week was done peoplely. When asked how they could tell, we were told that they had a machine which recorded every love joint that was pend over. We were soon within out of our Bainte place. What was on rempie to find ahead of us Dr. & Mr. R., F, and two ladies. We felt. then, that the for plants were dooned. I went one to exanimi to efect we had thought seeme from all intenders. alar what a sight! The apet which was so beautifully decorted with the putty flower this morning, was now, for the most port

trampled down and not a flower was visible. Coneful search revealed that 6 inequificant little plants without a flower alone had been left. Doing to the main field we found the same conditin of affaire, every plant that had a flower was taken. To be the witness of the destruction of these beautiful some plants made we very had indeed. from the oping we crossed the fields to yok Rd and then frouded to Toman, where we took the car for home. Before Town received we can the petty Catholic church, findy located on the amount of a high hill. It is said to cost \$85000 One thing alme, I think spoils to imporing ofference. It has the letter B.V. M. in laye letters on the rouge. October 12, 1901. A trip alme to de busic. I left home about & a.M. It was miting a I took on whella. The temperature we delightful so I walked. In a com-field byout B. a com-stell in whose terrel were a number of grame of com attracted my attention. Duch gramm of course, have no potenting sheaths and from we car. Examples of this bound, show that settings the terms comments growing of terminate flower only, it courties also bedone fitillate mes.

Twee on the road I stopped to exercise the wail. Or seemed of the deep cloudy weather they had a get with wight my shall retreet and were found some distance from the road side. In my experiente I noted that their ar-called syntallie (1) behave more like returne (fulur). A stile placed unmediately on fit of the creature does not seem to be seen, for it continues the come with the body comes quite in contact with the obstacle, With a small stick me eye-talk may feer on wither mole of it, get the animal continue annual until its head touch the etick before it first while that it comment keep on in that faticular direction. I stopped next a few moments at his the and be noted for the fact time a fine fig plant. Mrs eye it bean two cufe a year the fait riping in fine. He child the filet her me flowers. I could forme Br. about 110 clock and extend the smart on the couth inde. about from years ago I fond here aspidism cristation, but although I sended for it remail times since, I took mer again ford it. Po-day, therefore, I thought I would try again. I would carefully and was just about juing it up, when I found the shot. The fulle funds awaye about 2 ft. in high and are liver

oblig in outline. They stand bold upright, whereas the stile found, healy half their highet his on the ground. Throughout the swamp, dank Cablege was making its spherance. In many place I noticed its now report front. The latter is we terwally of a dull brown over , had to detect from the surrounding soil. Hereiles readily and is filled with white fully of a rather wealy consistence. In this full are inbudded the large very had seeds. The first has not the slightest trece of the odor so from the plant, it is in fact oder. luz. Throughout the smant were species of Boty chin tenstern ner obliguem, Here, too, I found a alider termpair ( the water tempi with the yellow apote write back) and coult it. I held it a short time in my hand and then let it go. It was no 12 it look , so I ste my dinner; after down I went to the bond. Northy partially unpated we tried here. Many of the tree have shouly changed their who and the place bolied beautiful. The week nupler more in beautiful red and the brickovier in yellow. Close to It's I plant et seeds of H. Troum. after collected a few leaves I returned to the road and stated howmand, arrive, There about to Porty

+ Here, two, I cam a small bind, nearly as large as one lighth of course. It thent when when of the body was of a haff color, the wings were black with a lighter haff which has across them. October 19, 1901. A trip alone to Relay, Orange Grove and the Ravine. I left home about 9 a. M. and walked along the BX O. R. R. When Istarted, it was cloudy and the air was raw, but before I reached Mt. Winam, the run shone clear and it gradual. by became warmer, so that in the afternoon it was quite warm. along the railroad I found nothing interesting; when I reached &. I left the tracks and covered the fields to Washington Rd. Here, I stopped to examine the Lygodium. I found the plants readily and was fortimate enough to find two plants with funting primas. I was very much pleased with my funds. I noticed that whenever the plant is fruited, the futile portion is always well raised from the ground, in no case have I found fromde trailing on the ground fruited. In this same effect I found alow achiding epinaloum var intermedium and Botychim obligum with ite war discretum. The var directum, although plentiful was found only in the state. By 120'clock I had exten my houch and war on my way out the road. at 10'clock I was at R. I could the visdout and walked of the River R'd towards O.S. I stopped at the sention Hills and was pleased to find still 3 plants. Later I reached the shot where our flate was growing. It is

a beentiful plant and is now in bloom, I stopped too, to are how the work on the dam, the Catomwille Water Worker le. is building, ie progrossing. Considerable work has been done mice I raw bast. They are now dryging the trough to divert the water to as to complete the dam. It is said that the dam will back the water of for 2 miles, the forming a very laye lake. I now heatened owned and reached O. S. about 3 P.M. I could the river and soon entered the ravine. In the ravine I found application for the first time come spring. The leaver have mut atterned their full grow growth as yet, showing that they land been long above growned. When I reached Out ofini, amined the Pryonic and found it still growing. Tipularie une next examined, it, two is above ground. From the oping I started for the when filed, but rung a mir peth? walked abong it. It proved to be a fine path and led to Semiole are. I reached the termin are about 5 P. M and arraid home at 6 P.M. October, 26, 1901. Met Mr. W. at Camden station at 7.20 9.4.

We took the 7.30 train to Landown. The morning was fresh and frost covered the ground and the Johnje. We ment at once

619. toward S. S. R'd and arbutur. On our way we stopped at the cottage near the spring. It worked as if it was unvecupied, so we stopped to examine it. We learned that the people were just moving out We met Mr. Johnson & her son and learned that she was the wife of the flagmen at the station. We learned that she was 63 yer, old. She found quite an interesting and intelligent talker. Ofto leaving her, We must stopped at the station and had a chet with the flagman. This poor, ignorant fellow has always been an object of interest to us. We learned again, from him to-day tet people die everywhere; and then again that he had never heard of people coming into the world otherwise than naked, that were adam was naked and live. He, two, is absolutely certam that all righ people go to hell. The two, tried to impres us with the fact that he only was there to keep people was ing the tracks while the train was coming, as if, we might think he was there to present them at all times. We were very anx come to get his friture, and after he learned that there would be no charge he willingly stood up at the station for it. to have it taken. He any country put his hat in better order and smoothed his heard so as to look his hest, Often we had his picture we

Election Co. Kathania Davis the young daughter of the prindent of the Vadual 620. started in the to Rely, taking an entirely new route. Knowing parallel with the railroad and into Francis av. is a weely help road. These two roads we took and finally came to Catonswille ar. and to Relay. From R. we walked up along the railroad tracks to the new bridge (Kathume). We crossed the bridge and found omselve at S's. home, He, two, is an original character We found him in his garden and after a little political talk in which he proved to use that no Democrat could enter the kingdom of Heaven, we got him to stand up for his picture. We took two of him, and then started continued in our way of the River Rd. It was now nearly 2 P. M. so, in reaching the branch beyond the new dam we stopped to cat our lund. after dinner, we went to our sentian place and took time future of it, are a time exposure. The plant is now in full bloom, it had 12 fully expanded flowers. We now continued on on tinf. We learned that when the Catonswille Water la her finished its dam, which will raise the water 18 ft. many pate of this present Kwin Rd will be overflowded and that a new road will have to be bruilt. He we passed the valling buf ferme we stoffed to it amone them and I found

one of the plants with a forling frond. We reached O.S. about 5 P.M. We started of to the ranne but returned again to the station & welked of Wilton am. The day had been perfect. not a cloud all day and the temperature most delightful. Before we reached the case, it was darly, but the moon whom brightly, and our tramp during the early evening fromed even more inchanting the during the day, Detober November 2, 1901. A trip to Brooklyn and vicinity with B. in reach for leaves, We left home at 1 P.M. In our cearch we found a green caterfiller, that has assumed a wonderful protective coloning. The creature is but 2 or 2 2 in. lay . I tore Near the fore part of its body on each side are two large shaded fortions which look very much like eyes, particularly so when the must assume the attitude it generally does when disturbed In this attitude it those rance the fore part of its body, comtractingentain to trate or as to making the portion comewhat broader than the rest of the body. In this attitude the from spots are in the right position for eyes and and me would this gente a formi dable looking reptile was ready to spring upon from. It the same time it emits a disagreeable oder.

I have seen the west quite frequently. after getting our leaves we went to L'a greenhouser to see the chipautheneume, which are now at their best. Nov. 6. 1901. A trip after school to Buyun's Falle. Had hoped to see my transplanted Rue Spleenwart but it grew too dark even before we reached the spot.

Nov. 9. 1901. We met at Camden station and took the 79.2m. train to Round Bay. Our first instentions were to go to Elemberrie, but on considering that we had not been to R. B. for so long a Time we divided to go there instead. Very glad we were later that we did. We reched R. B. a little before 8 o'clock, and at once planned our trip for the day. We thought we would go to the forcilbearing banks that Mr. W. had told in about; but before starting we thought me would first visit Is new home. We had no trow

the trip immencely. The house atends on a hillaide overlowhing the river. The new from it is most heartiful. We were comwhat surpried to notice with what cuchesness a fine ay and two good rake we allowed to remain outside in the open. Having gotten such a good nien from the house we decided

ble finding it. The path we trok was new to us and me mynged

to climb the hilliele and get a view from the top, We did no and felt well-repaid with one view. On the billide we found a plant of Hamamels This wer quite, ruspice to use, for in none of our tramp here before had we found it. We had now reached the top of the bellaide. The view was wided beentiful. On me were about to decend we met a timber-ruen, who told me of the pretty view from Ruelli hill. He thought it the prettient to be had along the ower. after hearing this we decided to change our plan for the day and intered of going to the forced banks go to R'e. We were given enplant direction bow to find the place I es we retait. Before lay we passed Dr. Hayes, be too, gave ne pointe, how to find the sport. The morning was pleasant and before long we reached the but where we were to turn to the right. The house stands a little off from the avad and in front of it is a young Eight welmut tree. This tree retains the leave commental larger than do out native aprine. One sees at more some rimidently to our J. comies. The back, however, is much conther and whites, in arlow. Here Mr. W. picked up a fretty bountement, me of the flat vanity, whil are generally built close to the ground. We were bere drieted again to R'R. On one way we can

a done ruting on a low branch of the. We soon reached the knowll and here we made our first grand fine of the day Opuntie vulgarie. Several apreniment were found. Desending the billeide we came to a path leading to the river While walking along this path we obewed that Papaw grew bue also, later we found it quite plentifully. The view here is very pretty, but seeing a sport faither down atrem where we thought a better view might be obtained we walked in that direction. Here we found a long point of land projecting for out into the river. We went out this fait as for as we could go. On our way we found a fatty chemin of bentime ocholines, It was now nearly 12 o'clock and we both felt lungry so we deaded to set our lunch. It were pert me o'clock when we were Through on dumin and started to return. Returning we went it one to the reihord tracks and them to the Sameeine Swamp when I collected a few efremen for my Wednesd my clear. It we while looking for there specimen that we made our reend find of the day, Sunter Walter () with its beautiful ned fruit. Our trip through the amount to get some fine afrei-

625. mene of this plant which bad grown quite high into the air one a tree proved most interesting and did not lock admintine I plane driver were found growing greater plentifoldy. One love speemen of appearing was also found. We now went down to R. B. botel. but a doub of the mater, talked with Mr. & Mrs. D. and the again started for the station, where Our trip from beginning to end hed been a most enjoy able one, notwith standing the cloudy weather we had the greater part of the day. M. W. had taken his canna but an acit of the cloudine could not take a new any of an feetly viewe. While waiting for November 16, 1901. A short trif alone ocrose the river to Brushlyn and along the Vatapreo. On Tuesday, after nearly a month of drought, we had a clight rainfall (.1 mich). Since Wednesday, the temperature her been each day comewhat colder; this morning the themmente must have registered below freezing for one many of the honds Insticed a this coating of ice. I left home about 12 o'clock. Reaching B. I went the regular route to the low land bordung the river. I tunk cabbage is found every where. While new the rivers bank just a short distant from the first faller true I found a nice lot of Mousin. It was not in fruit.

Here in many place I found Lycop odium hierdulum and also Pipuline. Deemy 1. eo frequently, reminded me to visit the marked spote of last year. Here too, I found the plants even more plantiful than lest year. a chat dictains from the overturned tree ? found a mucher of extre large exercises. There were marked by typing a smell invented ever to a nearly sapling of hickory, November 23, 1901. I met Mr. W. at the termine at Catomille at 10 a. Mr. During the & morning it had been raining, but when we met it had stopped We took an usual route to the ravine paring the old field. We went

duitly to am spring. We found it covered with leaves. Sometime was spent cleving away the leaves. We also looked at our Pozonia hendule, but not a trace of it was visible. It was part 12 o'clock when we and though with our work and started orward. We had intended to dof at Camp Rumand there eat our bunch; but having covered the back we were come distance part the run before we again thought of the matter. We therefor kept on till me reached Candle Camp. Here we found a pretty mark close to the careadre and him we ate and dimen A fine was kindled and when it was blazing brightly we sat down to evigor

on death. We were not reated very long when it began to rame, at first lightly, but coon very hard. We staid around our fire until nearly 4 o'clock

627 when we started homeward. We went fruit to Orange leave and them up Hilton an. This road is awful during raining weather, being es pouly constructed. Many time I was in danger of loving my rubber shoer, they etruck so tightly in the mund, told . Up to mow we had been keeping oncelves quitedry, notwithstending the rain, but now we were getting the full benefit of a ctuny north-east wind directly against ue, he a short time on lye were coaled, and finally on feet although we had rebberhow on. When we reached the term inne we were in a pretty worked condition, we were so wet that we found it more comfutable standing them cetting. 271 reached home at 7 o'clock. November 29, 1901. We met at the Catouwille termine at 8 a.m. It was cloudy and felt very much as if we would have enow, the weather report, however, etated that it would be clear. We started own the rend route to the ranne but just as we about to enter the woods, we decided to take the Hilton an. route; Then, recing the woods off to our left, we thought that for once we might go in that direction. So we covered the broad ofm field and entered the woods. We found there very fretly would the words the words. but it seemed rather thing wooded. There was a fretty brook, and him and there were fine little company places. The ground was covered in many place with fine large patcher of more. We now took a worth- unto

by direction and before larg come to another 3 brook. It was bordered in either ride by laye fields; we thought what are recellent place for Bestin. We followed this brook. Or ne went onward the hills became bigher and before long we come in eight of the Country Home be Children". We war child the hill, on our left; covered with aporting wheat. We then walked along the top, descending again when a reached the railwood. We were greate pleased with our new trip, When we reached the railroad we descended at once to the word close to the river and went in the direction of arelow. We com pared Dingard and even after come to the dame now being constarted for the "Catomille Water Co". There we were able to core the river. The dam has already been completed on each side, only in the centre is a marrow gap. This is monto be closed, but to do it the witer had to be turned from its coarse around the dam & through an already completed turnel. although, wale, will not probably be stopped till spring, this part of the work has been done, so we were able to core the river bed in dry land, When we reached the other side we went along the Kivin R'd a short distance towards Relay, We will to go to We estate to get a supply of our conical presimenous. We climbed the steep hillaids and found ourrelose some dutines from × I really do at think front ripers persimmen. It's. It was now arrang fast and had been for about half on hour. It was therefore, had to see for in the distance, so we wandered about quite a while before we got our bearings, and finally were obliged to confue that we had not been able to find our tree. It was now after 12 o'clock and we were browning so we descended the hillinds again and found a mie camp up me of the name ravines. Here we built a fine cooked coffee and ate and dimer, It was 2 o'clock when we went though dimer and we again started up the billeide, in search of our tree, This time we found it without trouble. One of the presimone wer fulled from the tree but strange to say, for we have had so much first there was a slightly artingent tarte. The tree was filled with finit, as it has been for now the 3st yea, in encusion. We concluded to take but a part of the fruit, only that which fell readily from the tree, and which for the most part was fairly free from all artingency, and to have the rest in the tree for future experiment, The quietim may be raised: - Work front ripen the persimmen? If it does, this fruit ought to befully ripe, for we have had more front thin year than but and last year they were all ripe and no traces of acting my. I think find prents them from getting fully ripe, what the fruit needs is plenty. of warm realight. hast year with plety of warm weather, the fait was

ripe. Then again how often are trees found atill holding their fruit.

a mid-inter. Such fruit one would may must be excellent; we find

t, however, without exception, must extensignet. Nota bene

Where in the morning we had been sound how bothing for

Where in the morning we had been round bour boding for our tree are now found our tree, got the fruit and had devent ad your to the Rivin R'd winds of these-quarters of an bour. On our way back Mr. W. remarked the black appearance of the

to be of our Betula migra. The tree is called the red bich

Briga. No doubt the author described it as seen under such conditions as we to-day can them.

We between arward & reached the car termine even before 5

We bestend award & reached the car termine even before 5

Dec. 7. 1901. To believe were the Ta. M. train. It was very cold, I believe it was the coldet day of this winter. As we walked down the road from believe our care asked from the cold and Mr. W. complained that for

we first time his big tree felt cold. Our fall there for her been remarkably cold , - the av., temp, for Oct was 50 colder the that of Oct for last year and the mean temp for Mon, was 80 colder than

The soid it was for his ducks, that he had many to that they laid many eggs, but that there were not down fatile and that he had head he had head that the eggs of a duck to be furfiely furtilized the act of evaluation must take place in mater. Here, to we saw the disable gentle of his that had builted two the day before, and we were surficed at its light. Then again taking the average tent, for Nov. for the lest 312/ear, this Nov. wer 40 colder, To-day every thing was concred with how first. How heartiful the shouldbuy looked, even from a dictance there affect to be cloudy something - a halo- enrounding it! We went our would route part the old but to the branch. Near the old but I collected a mie supply of writer benin. We then went on to the house of Old Ben who lives in Mr. He place. We never pare time without having a little chet with him; to-day we found him in his Let of homour. To-day he should in his new spring, told in how he mude bis wine, took we down it his wire cellar; mented that me should try his different wice and finally muited we into his own had chamber He seems to be perfectly contented with his lot, he gets a persion of \$8 a month, which he says is enough for him and told me why he had remained a backelor. In speaking about the lady he were to have married and who afterward munich some body che, in fact wer married 3 time and had beeried her third hurband, he thought - this was entirely due to the answers nature of the woman and That be no doubt would now when he died had he married here.

In our way though his place we can that he had enclosed a place near the branch with a fewer , one wide of which was of wine mething and devothers sides were much equally areme with combathy analy a held in partial with wine. We openlated on the use of this enclosure and, when we with me with wines. (continued on off page), is 3. that with him we went on to the old furnace. I now way a found our old eping. We noticed that it was done to the fact five tree off from the worde. At the old furnace we tried nothing new; we then evorced the little whit, it was but tide and there was little twouble, and proceeded a chart detere into the wonde. To day the branch were figure from when to show, still not strong en ough to hear us. It was me after 120' dech some decided to cat and ame. All around ne we pluty of wood and in a very short time we had a mice fire We stayed have quite a time. Ofter dinner we started for Manley budge I and Mr R'en, poor old woman - we had heard that here house had been bound down. We had not gone for, when we raw emoke, going he that duction we can two charcel burner at work, I've kil wes burning, and one were nearly completed. We were anxion to see how it was constructed, so climbed to the top by men of the peenlin step plened on the side - a frice of wood with notifice out into it of. I below holds 8 cords of ward. It is filed around in a circle, leaving a cornelar opening in the centre which extends from bottom to of. the he builde if leger after layer of wood, he pute on the outside first a cover-

633 ing of leaver, then one of sand. He was now toffing off the nearly completed one. The entire hil is comfleted, but so awanged that a fine in the middle of the hole in the centre may be raised and fire started by thowing for burning wood into this hole, and then closed. The burning regives 10 to 14 days. Seen wood is need. The charcol-burner lives new his kiles, and for this perfore her built himself a rude but - wyivan like - out of long pole plantines on the outside with much. In this place he rate, sleepe and cooke his meele. On the offinite side from the don is his bed. In first of the bed and towards the right was the stone tound the left was his table and a stool, both made by driving fine of wood into the ground and placing a board over the top; the bed two was made in this rude fashion. The another from the stone found exit through an fewing over the door . The said his home is very dry & very warm, but that he was no troubled by mice, It seems les this is a green complaint thoroughout the country. We now continued on our way and again found ourselves on the same path we took one day during the cummer - the path leading along the branch. It is a much longer rate that the one along the road but it is for more intenting. On over may we had smuch fine offortunities of testing the truth of the throng I advanced in the bulliting for. C. of the S. M. B. C. a.a., that

persimmon growing in well-drawed soil are sweet, where there growing in forty drawed coil are artinizent. The same view, we found we also beld by Dr. B. whom we leter met at the station, It we about 4 o'clock when we readed Mr. R'r. We found the old lady aflitting wood for to mean's landling . he place of him home wer my a beef of runn. Twenty dollar which the old lady had caved and hed stormed away in her bedding had also been bermed up, but Wh. O. to owner of the flace handly gave her an equal amount. after a little chat we started for &. taling the courte though the words. Just as we parked the littly shorty new the church we so we a day lying on the ward-ride, Mr. W. had still some bread and thought the day might ext it. But we found the day were eich and refused to est. The par armin of wer certainly in a fitiful endition and we thought what a good thing it would be to built for animal. We had just been talking to the pleasant colved woman that occupied the house, reeing ber now again, we called to ber, if it was her day and what were the with with limit The said it were her day and that he was such. We them wheel her why she did not will him. Whe she told on "Oh m, we were hill

a cut or a day it would be hed bale and that the poorday " he will be

to be rule and suffer till be die. Not for off me noticed that a new home had been built. In a what time we pound it. By the time we reached the railroad tracks it was becoming door but as we had nearly an how and a half to want for the ham we duded to go down the ward a short distance and build will comp fire. This was some done. We found each excellent frie of word that we had a fine fire. We then not down and enjoyed it, also the futty right of the evening stees. Inften is alway considerable diet wee from Batum. This beautiful phenomenon we all its follows as seen during the letter pat of November, what; from the will not occur yair in 12 00 years. He stayed new our for an long or we could then started for b. On one way we topped frequently to admire the pretty stars which could be reen unt bentifully the atmosphere was so clear. When we reached the status we found that we still had fifteen immile to west. Soon Mr. M. came in and shortly afterwards Dr. B. who atutained on till the areal of our train. The train, was on time, but on the one from B. wer late, we were obliged to want till it arrived before we could start, he a short time it, too, came and then we started for home. We arend in B. at 7.30 R. In

